

第十四屆培正數學邀請賽（2015 年）

14th Pui Ching Invitational Mathematics Competition (2015)

初賽（中四組）

Heat Event (Secondary 4)

時限：1 小時 15 分

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

參賽者須知：

Instructions to Contestants:

- (a) 本卷共設 20 題，總分爲 100 分。

There are 20 questions in this paper and the total score is 100.

- (b) 除特別指明外，本卷內的所有數均爲十進制。

Unless otherwise stated, all numbers in this paper are in decimal system.

- (c) 作答時，每題的答案均須以 0 至 9999 之間的整數表示。依照答題紙上的指示填寫答案，毋須呈交計算步驟。

Each answer must be given in the form of an integer between 0 and 9999. Follow the instructions on the answer sheet to enter the answers. You are not required to hand in your steps of working.

- (d) 不得使用計算機。

The use of calculators is not allowed.

- (e) 本卷的附圖不一定依比例繪成。

The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale.

注意：每題的答案均須以 0 至 9999 之間的整數表示，如有需要應以上述範圍內最接近正確答案的整數回答。如有兩個這樣的整數與正確答案同樣接近，則以「四捨五入」的原則取較大的整數。請細閱答題紙上的指示。

Note: Each answer must be given in the form of an integer between 0 and 9999. Where necessary, the answer should be rounded off to the nearest integer in the above range. Read the instructions on the answer sheet in detail.

1. 若 n 個質數之和等於 2015，求 n 的最小可能值。 (3 分)
If the sum of n prime numbers is 2015, find the smallest possible value of n . (3 marks)
2. 求多項式 $(x^2 + 13)(x - 2)$ 除以 $x - 6$ 時的餘數。 (3 分)
Find the remainder when the polynomial $(x^2 + 13)(x - 2)$ is divided by $x - 6$. (3 marks)
3. 若 n 是三位偶數，且其數字之和不小於 10，求 n 的最小可能值。 (3 分)
If n is a three-digit even number whose sum of digits is not less than 10, find the minimum possible value of n . (3 marks)
4. 求方程 $x^2 - 2015x + 1 = 0$ 的最大實根。 (3 分)
Find the greatest real root to the equation $x^2 - 2015x + 1 = 0$. (3 marks)
5. 若把數字 0、0、0、1、2、3 重新排列，可以組成多少個不能被 10 整除的六位數？ (4 分)
How many six-digit numbers not divisible by 10 can be formed by permuting the digits 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 3? (4 marks)
6. 若 $\sin(180^\circ - x^\circ) = 2\cos^2 x^\circ - 1$ ，其中 $0 \leq x \leq 360$ ，求 x 的所有可能值之和。 (4 分)
If $\sin(180^\circ - x^\circ) = 2\cos^2 x^\circ - 1$ where $0 \leq x \leq 360$, find the sum of all possible values of x . (4 marks)
7. 有多少個四位正整數可被 7 整除？ (4 分)
How many four-digit positive integers are divisible by 7? (4 marks)

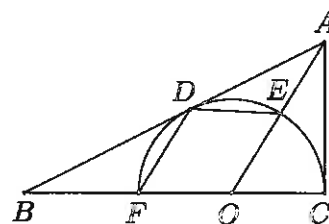
8. 某三角形三條邊的長度為 3、5 和 7。若它最大的一隻內角是 x° ，求 x 。 (4 分)
 A triangle has side lengths 3, 5 and 7. If its largest interior angle is x° , find x . (4 marks)

9. 有多少個四位正整數的數字之積為 60？ (5 分)
 How many four-digit positive integers have product of digits 60? (5 marks)

10. 一個三角形的其中兩邊長度為 10。若其面積是 40，求它的周界的最大可能值。 (5 分)
 A triangle has two sides with length 10. If its area is 40, what is its greatest possible perimeter? (5 marks)

11. 設 n 為正整數，且 $\log(n-30) + \log(50-n) < 2$ 。那麼， n 有多少個不同的可能值？ (5 分)
 If n is a positive integer such that $\log(n-30) + \log(50-n) < 2$, how many different possible values of n are there? (5 marks)

12. 給定 $\triangle ABC$ ，其中 $\angle ACB = 90^\circ$ 和 $\angle ABC = 14^\circ$ 。
 點 O 在邊 BC 上，以 O 為中心的半圓與 AC 相切於 C 、與 AB 相切於 D 。若線段 AO 與半圓相交於 E ， CF 為半圓的直徑，並設 $\angle EDF = x^\circ$ ，求 x 的值。



(5 分)

Given $\triangle ABC$ where $\angle ACB = 90^\circ$ and $\angle ABC = 14^\circ$.
 Point O lies on side BC . The semi-circle with centre O is tangent to AC at C , and is tangent to AB at D .
 Suppose segment AO meets the semi-circle at E and CF is the diameter of the semi-circle. Let $\angle EDF = x^\circ$. Find the value of x .

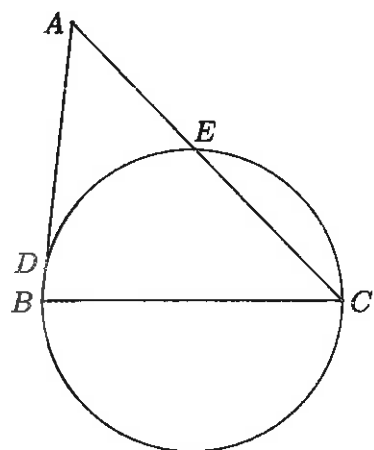
(5 marks)

13. 設 n 為兩位正整數，其兩位數字均非零。若把 n 的兩位數字對調，可得正整數 m 。若 m 和 n 的最大公因數為 1，則 n 有多少個不同的可能值？ (6 分)

Let n be a two-digit positive integer whose both digits are nonzero. By switching the two digits of n , one obtains the positive integer m . Given that the H.C.F. of m and n is equal to 1, how many different possible values of n are there? (6 marks)

14. 以 BC 為直徑的圓分別與 $\triangle ABC$ 的邊 AB 和 AC 相交於 D 和 E 。若 $BC = \sqrt{901}$ ， $BD = 1$ 及 $AD = 16$ ，求 CE 的長度。

The circle with diameter BC meets the sides AB and AC of $\triangle ABC$ at D and E respectively. If $BC = \sqrt{901}$, $BD = 1$ and $AD = 16$, find the length of CE .



(6分)

(6 marks)

15. 一張遊戲咭上印有一個 4×4 方格表，參加者需把整數 1 至 16 分別填進方格表的 16 個格子，使得每個格子恰好有一個數。然後，主持人會從 1 至 16 隨機抽出 5 個幸運號碼。如果有其中 4 個幸運號碼位於同一行或同一列，參加者便可中獎。若中獎的概率以最簡分數表示時為 $\frac{a}{b}$ ，求 $a+b$ 的值。

(6分)

A 4×4 table is printed on a game card. The participant has to fill in the numbers 1 to 16 into the 16 cells of the table such that there is exactly one number in each cell. The master of the game will then randomly draws 5 lucky numbers from 1 to 16. If 4 of the lucky numbers lie in the same row or the same column, the participant can win a prize. If the probability of winning a prize is $\frac{a}{b}$ in lowest form, find the value of $a+b$.

(6 marks)

16. 在聖誕聯歡會上，5 名小孩進行禮物交換。他們每人先將一份禮物交給老師，然後老師隨機將禮物分配給小孩。若恰好有一名小孩得到自己禮物的概率以最簡分數表示時為 $\frac{a}{b}$ ，求 $a+b$ 的值。

(6分)

In a Christmas party, 5 kids are going to exchange presents. Each of them first gives a present to the teacher, and then the teacher randomly distributes the presents back to the kids. If the probability that exactly one kid gets back his own present is $\frac{a}{b}$ in lowest form, find the value of $a+b$.

(6 marks)

17. 若正整數 m 和 n 滿足 $\frac{23}{50} < \frac{m}{n} < \frac{64}{139}$ ，求 n 的最小可能值。 (7分)

If positive integers m and n satisfy $\frac{23}{50} < \frac{m}{n} < \frac{64}{139}$, find the smallest possible value of n . (7 marks)

18. 若一個正整數的平方的最後三位數字相同且非零，則該正整數稱為「好數」，例如：因為 $38^2 = 1444$ ，故 38 是「好數」。若把所有「好數」從小至大排列，求當中第二個數。 (7分)

If the last three digits of the square of a positive integer are the same and nonzero, we say that the positive integer is 'good'. For example, since $38^2 = 1444$, so 38 is 'good'. If we arrange all 'good' numbers in ascending order, what is the second number? (7 marks)

19. 求 $\frac{99^3+100^3}{1^3+100^3} + \frac{97^3+99^3}{2^3+99^3} + \frac{95^3+98^3}{3^3+98^3} + \cdots + \frac{1^3+51^3}{50^3+51^3}$ 的值。 (7分)

Find the value of $\frac{99^3+100^3}{1^3+100^3} + \frac{97^3+99^3}{2^3+99^3} + \frac{95^3+98^3}{3^3+98^3} + \cdots + \frac{1^3+51^3}{50^3+51^3}$. (7 marks)

20. 設 x, y, z 為實數，其中 $(x-15)^2 + (y-20)^2 \leq 49$ 而 $10y = zx$ 。求 z 的最大可能值。 (7分)

Let x, y, z be real numbers such that $(x-15)^2 + (y-20)^2 \leq 49$ and $10y = zx$. Find the greatest possible value of z . (7 marks)

全卷完

END OF PAPER